

RF/RMRS-97-103, Rev. 1

Task-Specific Health and Safety Plan for the Site Characterization of the 903 Drum Storage Area (IHSS 112), 903 Lip Area (IHSS 155), and Americium Zone

August 31, 1998

DOCUMENT CLASSIFICATION REVIEW WAIVER PER CLASSIFICATION OFFICE

This Task-Specific Health and Safety Plan addresses the task specific hazards associated with the Site Characterization of the 903 Drum Storage Area (IHSS 112), 903 Lip Area (IHSS 155), and Americium Zone. Field activities will be conducted using this HASP for task and area specific hazards, and the RMRS Groundwater Monitoring Program Health and Safety Plan (RF/ER-SAF-94-GMP, Rev. 1) for programmatic and general hazards.



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signed and

GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM SUBCONTRACTOR SPECIAL TASK HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN Revision Level 1 Job No. GE6000VS

1. Items 1-9 to be completed by RMRS Special Task Project Manager.

Project Name __CHARACTERIZATION OF THE 903 DRUM STORAGE AREA (IHSS 112). 903 LIP AREA (IHSS 155), AND AMERICIUM ZONE

Task: This Special Task Health and Safety Plan (HASP) is only for the work to be conducted for the implementation of the Sampling Analysis Plan (SAP) (RF/RMRS-97-084) for the Characterization of the 903 Drum Storage Area (903 Pad) (IHSS 112), 903 Lip Area (Lip Area) (IHSS 155), and the Americium Zone. The sampling program proposed per the SAP is designed to further delineate and characterize the extent of radiological and VOC contamination for remedial activities. The scope of this proposed activity is limited to the collection of surface radiological data using HPGe methodology and surface soil samples for radiological analysis, collection of subsurface soil samples, using the Geoprobe or hollow-stem auger drilling methodology, for VOC and radiological analysis, and groundwater samples for VOC analysis if DNAPLs are suspected. Sample analyses and interpretation will be the responsibility of RMRS. Activities described in this Special Task HASP will be performed by or at the direction of RMRS Environmental Restoration Projects personnel.

Restoration Projects personnel.
Requested by: Mark Wood
Proposed Start-Up Date: <u>January 1998</u> Project/Task No. <u>GE6000VS</u>
Reviewed by RMRS Health and Safety Supervisor
Printed Name M.D. Schreckengast
Signature M.D. Shuckingast Date 8-31-98
Reviewed and Approved by Radiological Engineer
Printed Name H-B-ESTATSIZUOKS
Signature # Statutu Date 8/31/98
Approved by RMRS Special Task Project Manager
Printed Name Mark R. Wood
Signature Marke A. Word Date 8/31/98
Title Project Manager
Approved by RMRS Quality Assurance/Quality Control
Printed Name Greg DiGregorio
Signature May What Date 8/31/98
Title Runks Guelity Engineer
Note to Project Managers: A signed and completed copy of the Health and Safety Plan and a
completed copy of the safety briefing must be included in the project file.

2. Project Description:

<u>Description of Non-Intrusive Activities:</u> Approximately 1500 HPGe measurements will be collected from the Americium Zone and possibly the Lip Area investigation areas. Each HPGe measurement will be collected from a 12 meter diameter Field of View (FOV). Follow-up FIDLER surveys may be performed to further delineate the areas with radionuclides equal to or above the RFCA Tier I action levels.

Description of Planned Intrusive Activities: Subsurface and surface soil sampling activities will be conducted in several phases. One phase will be the collection of approximately 15 "grab" surface soil samples from six selected HPGe locations for radiological analysis for verification and correlation to the surficial HPGe measurements per the SAP. One phase will consist of 25 soil boring locations on the 903 Pad utilizing Geoprobe drilling methodology to collect subsurface soil samples to a depth of three feet for radiological analysis and possibly volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis. One phase will consist of approximately 25 soil boring locations in the 903 Lip Area utilizing Geoprobe drilling methodology to collect subsurface soil samples to a depth of two feet for radiological analysis and possibly VOC analysis. Another phase, the VOC investigation, will consist of approximately 20 soil boring locations on the 903 Pad and the 903 Lip Area utilizing either Geoprobe or hollow-stem auger drilling methodology to collect subsurface soil samples to depths up to 28 feet for radiological and VOC analysis. Approximately 468 soil cores will be collected per the SAP. Soil core samples will be transported directly to the analytical laboratories after screening for radiological and VOC contamination and minimizing site personnel contact with potentially contaminated soils. Collection of groundwater samples with suspected DNAPLs will be performed per the SAP. Drill cuttings, if generated, will be containerized, temporarily stored in a 90-day RCRA permitted area pending analytical results, and then final disposition per FO.29. Returned environmental samples will be characterized on the basis of analytical results and process knowledge and dispositioned in accordance with FO.09 and FO.29.

3. Location:

This Task Specific HASP covers planned surface and subsurface soil and groundwater sampling activities to be performed for the site characterization of the 903 Pad (IHSS 112), the Lip Area (IHSS 155), and the Americium Zone, as shown in Figure 1.1. Field activities are scheduled during 1998 and 1999.

4. Facility/Work site Description

As shown in Figure 1.1, the work area is at the eastern edge of the industrial area and south of the East Access Road. From 1958 to 1967, the 903 Pad was used to for storing drums containing plutonium and uranium contaminated volatile organic compounds (solvents). Leaking drums resulted in contamination of the 903 Pad, the Lip Area, and the Americium Zone. Several remedial actions took place in the late 1960s and 1970s to remove hot spots and to cap the 903 Pad with eight inches of clean fill and three inches of asphalt. The Lip Area was also graded and covered with seven inches of clean fill. The 903 Pad and the Lip Area are flat lying with a gentle slope to the south and east. The Americium Zone is generally flat lying with a gentle slope to the east and a steep slope to the south on the south side (Figure 1.1).

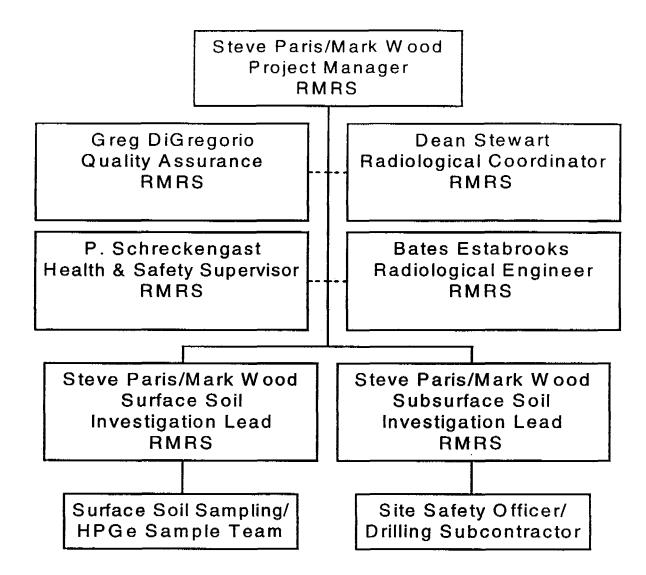
5. Proposed Personnel and Tasks:

Figure 1.2 shows the project organization chart and project responsibilities.

Project Manager: Steve Paris and Mark Wood
Field Team Leader - Surface Soil Inv. Steve Paris and Mark Wood
Field Team Leader - Subsurface Soil Inv. Steve Paris and Mark Wood

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Figure 1.2
903 Pad, 903 Lip Area, and Americium Zone
Organizational Chart



Proposed Field Team		ob Function/Tasks
Steve Paris and Mark Wood	RMRS Project Mar	nager
Steve Paris	RMRS Surface Soi	Team Lead/assist with subsurface soil inv. tasks
Mark Wood	RMRS Subsurface	Soil Team Lead/assist with surface soil inv. tasks
Harold Sanchez, Ron Blea	Subcontractor Heal	th and Safety Officer/Health and Safety Specialist
J. Boylin/R, Kohler	Subcontractor Geol	ogist/logging and sampling
Rick Gentry	RMRS HPGe Data	Coordinator/assist with HPGe data collection
Gary Stretesky	Subcontractor Georg	probe operator
Ray Michaels	Subcontractor Georgia	probe operator
	Subcontractor Geor	
	Subcontractor Georgia	
Ralph Rupp		ogist/logging and sampling
Lee Booth		Ianager and Gamma Spectrometry Specialist
Rebecca Mitchell		Hygiene Specialist
Paul Wojtaszek		Spectrometry Specialist
Todd Shipley	-	Spectrometry Specialist
Bates Estabrooks	RMRS Radiologica	
human occupancy. (CFR 1910.1 such as: toxic contaminants, a fi engulfment, or electrical or medemployee is in the confined space vessels, bins, boilers, ventilation	46[b]). A permit requi- lammable or oxygen de hanical hazards should be. Confined spaces income or exhaust ducts, air persons, and open top spaces ts.	r; 2) limited access/egress; and 3) not intended for red confined space also may pose additional hazards ficient atmosphere, or other hazards, such as equipment be inadvertently activated while an clude but are not limited to storage tanks, process ollution control devices, smoke stacks, underground more than four feet in depth such as test pits, waste YES - Describe below X_NO
7. Cutting and Welding Will this task involve use of a cu or welding?	utting torch	YES - Describe below X NO
8. Other Potential Hazards X Chemical X Radiological Fire/Explosion X Heat Stress Electrical X Machinery/Mechanica	I Equipment	 X Trips, Slips, Falls Trenching/Shoring Heavy Equipment/Vehicular Traffic Overhead Hazards Unstable/Uneven Terrain Other - Describe below

6, 7, 8. Description/Other Cold and hot weather hazards	
9. I. <u>Mark Wood</u> , attest t hereby request a Health and Safety Plan	hat this information is accurate to the best of my knowledge and for the tasks(s) designated above.
	Signature Date Title
10. Chemical/Radiological Hazard Evaluat Waste Media X Airborne Contamination X Surface Contamination X Contaminated Soil X Contaminated Surface Water X Solid Waste X Liquid Waste Sludge	Hazardous Characteristics Ignitable Corrosive Reactive Explosive X Toxic (non-radiological) Radioactive

Substance

Hazard Summary. This work involves potential contact with soil and/or water containing concentrations of chemicals in the parts per million range (mg/Kg) and radioisotopes in the nanocuries per gram (nCi/g) range. Site specific data from the 903 Pad and Lip Area is provided in Table 1 which indicates the potential for hazardous levels of contamination in surface and subsurface soil in the work area. Particular attention will be paid to dust suppression and air monitoring activities at locations which could potentially produce contaminated soil or groundwater, and personnel will use real-time air monitoring results to determine when and if it is necessary to upgrade to higher levels of PPE. Table 2 summarizes potential contamination hazards. Table 3 summarizes the chemical hazards. See Appendix A for task-specific hazards, controls, personnel protective equipment, and the task-specific specific Activity Hazard Analysis.

Table 1

Maximum Detected Contaminant Concentrations in
Soil and Groundwater at the 903 Pad and 903 Lip Area

Compound	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Groundwater		
Carbon Tetrachloride	NA	330 μg/Kg	100,000 μg/L		
Chloroform	loroform NA		49,000 μg/L		
Chloromethane	NA	ND	2,600 μg/L		
Methylene Chloride	1ethylene Chloride 0 mg/Kg		24,000 μ <i>g/</i> L		
Tetrachloroethene 0 mg/Kg		4,900 μg/Kg	20,000 μg/L		
Trichloroethene	0 mg/Kg	27μg/Kg	4,600 μg/L		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	NA	ND	46 μg/L		
1,1-Dichloroethane	NA	ND	150 μg/L		
1,3-Dichloropropene	NA	NA	8.1 μg/L		
1,1-Dichloroethene	NA	3 μg/Kg	26 μg/L		
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	NA	3,500 μg/Kg	2900 μg/L		
Vinyl Chloride	NA	ND	34 μg/L		
Americium-241	3,140 pCi/g	31,670 pCi/g	46.54 pCi/L		
Plutonium-239/240	14,950 pCi/g	152,260 pCi/g	354.6 pCi/L		
Uranium-238	10.2 pCi/g	1.7 pCi/g	38.6 pCi/L		

Beryllium	12 mg/Kg	l mg/Kg	
Copper	181 mg/Kg	26 mg/Kg	·
Chromium	177 mg/Kg	73 mg/Kg	
Lead	228 mg/Kg	33.6 mg/Kg	-
Nickel	93 mg/Kg	44 mg/Kg	-
Strontium	104 mg/Kg	121 mg/Kg	
Vanadium	70 mg/Kg	73.8 mg/Kg	

NA = Not Analyzed, ND = Not Detected

Primary Hazard (Rate: low, medium, high, extreme)

Table 2
Potential Contamination Hazards

Task Description	Potential Contaminants	PPE to be Used
HPGe and	Soil with low to high levels of	Start in Level D or per RWP
FIDLER surveys	radionuclides.	requirements. Upgrade to modified
and surface soil		Level D, C or B at the discretion of
sampling.		the HSS.
Soil borings,	Soil and saturated soil with low to high	Start in modified Level D or per
disturbance of	levels of volatile organic compounds and	RWP requirements. Air monitoring
subsurface soil	radionuclides.	and/or soil conditions (wet, muddy)
and collection of		may indicate need to upgrade to C,
soil samples.		or B at the discretion of the HSS.
Groundwater	Groundwater with low to high levels of	Start in modified Level D or per
sampling.	volatile organic compounds.	RWP requirements. Air monitoring
		and/or soil conditions (wet, muddy)
		may indicate need to upgrade to C,
		or B at the discretion of the HSS.

11. Ambient Air/Site Monitoring Procedures

The following instruments shall be used to monitor the work environment and workers' breathing zones prior to site entry and at the specified intervals on the 903 Pad during the VOC investigation only.

Instrument Monitoring Frequency X PID (HNU< OVM) w/10.5+11.7 eV lamp Cont. 15 min. 30 min. hourly other X ___ OVA Cont. 15 min. 30 min. hourly other ____ 15 min. 30 min. hourly Combustible Gas Indicator Cont. other _____ H2S Detector Cont. 15 min. 30 min. hourly other 15 min. 30 min. hourly other Cont. Colorimetric Detector Tubes X Other (describe below) Cont. 15 min. 30 min. hourly other_

Description/other:

TVA 1000B, Toxic Vapor Analyzer (PID/FID) may be used. Monitor personnel breathing zones and soil sample surfaces during times of potential exposure at the discretion of the HSS. For gamma spectroscopy surveys and surface soil sampling in the Americium Zone and shallow radiological subsurface sampling in the 903 Lip Area, monitoring for VOCs is not necessary. Monitor visible dust with mini-ram dust monitor at the discretion of the HSS. High volume air monitoring per the RWP, as required per Radiological Operations direction.

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18	* * *	Н	Н	Н		1000 ppm			118-140 °F	180-285 mm	36-39 °F	12.8	5.6
SW Span	chloric Acid S/W	\dashv	Н			3	×		228 °F	20 mm	77 °F	14.5	5.3
S	·				§ ppm (1)	andd og		×	-121 °F	>1 atm	A N	¥ Z	Z.
S 25pm 25p				° _		100 mg/m³ (1)			3184 *F	0 mm	¥	Ϋ́	¥
S S S S S S S S S S	w/s	-				2300 ppm (1)			104 °F	350 mm	~	23	£.
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SW 100 ppm 350 ppm	w		L	Н	300 ppm (2)	600 ppm (1)	×	×	232 °F	21 mm	40 ℃	7.10%	1.10%
S 0.05 mg/m²	8	Н	Н	Н		1000 ppm(1)			165 °F	100 mm	N.		7.5
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S 0.05 mg/m³ (18	Ø					10 mg/m³ (1)					ΑX		
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(2) OSHA PEL value (2) OSHA PEL value (3) AGGIH TLV value mm = militmeter mm = militmeter MA = not applicable NOSH = National institute of NIOSH = National institute of NOSHA = Occupational Salety and Health ure Limit roubic meter PEL = Permisable Exposure Limit	-	£	(A)	Patrick ashirt	S ppm (15 min)	₹			7 %	3.3 atm	NA (gas)	33	98
(3) ACGIM TLV value mm = millimeter NVA = not explicable NE = no evidence NIOSH = Nationa; institute of Occupatinal Safety and Health OsHA = Occupational Safety and Net Limit PEL = Permisable Exposure Limit	(A) NIOSH Identified (Carcinopen		iemase noted.	(2) OSHA PEL V	enne.							
Inference of Government NVA = not applicable NE = no evidence NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Salety and Health OSHA = Occupational Salety and Inferes Health Administration r cubic meter PEL = Permisable Exposure Limit	(B) ACGIH Cardnoge				(3) ACGIN TLV	value							
Species NVA = not applicable NE = no evidence NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Salety and Health OSHA = Occupational Salety and ure Limit PEL = Permisable Exposure Limit			Government		E	- millimeter			шdd	= parts per mittic	LC.		
NIOSH = no evidence NIOSH = National institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration r cubic meter PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit	industri.	tal Hygienists			N/A	= not applicable			REL	* Recommende	d Exposure in	-,	
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Occupations for Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and bicles Ure Limit PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit	eV = electron				NIOSH	» National Institu	nte ol		TLV	'≂ Threshold Lim	nt Vafue		
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12. Action Levels:

Task personnel will observe the following Action Levels:

Table 4

	Field Monitoring Ed	quipment - Action Levels
Instrument	Action Level	Specific Action
PID/FID	Any sustained reading above background in the breathing zone	If any sustained reading above background is present in the breathing zone, affected personnel will move upwind for a time period determined by the HSS. Most likely, the VOC levels will dissipate, as determined by the HSS, and personnel may return to the work area. If readings above background do not dissipate, use a large fan to remove the VOCs from the breathing zone. If the fan does not reduce VOC readings to background levels, stop work and contact RMRS Health & Safety and the task-specific project manager.
Mini-ram dust monitor	1.5 mg/m ³ sustained dust levels obtained in the breathing zone.	If 1.5 mg/m ³ , sustained are obtained in the breathing zone, apply dust suppression and soil wetting techniques using a small sprayer or other equivalent means.
High Volume Air Sampler, if required by RWP	Air samples indicate equal to or greater than the RWP suspension limits.	If equal to or greater than 1 DAC or limit per RWP is observed, pause work and evaluate for radon. If not radon, suspend work, contact Rad Engineer and evaluate controls and PPE.
13. Personal MonX Passive DosinDescription/Other:	eter <u>X</u> Personal Air	Sampling Other
Description Outer.		

Personal air monitoring/sampling will be required if sustained VOC readings over background after venting are observed.

14. Biological Monitoring/Medical Surveillance

N/A This project requires medical surveillance or bioassay monitoring procedures per the ALARA Job Review.

15. Onsite Control

Control boundaries have been established, and the Exclusion Zone (the contaminated area), Hotline, decontamination Line, Contamination Control Zone and Support Zone (clean area) have been designated and are identified in Section 6.5 of the GMP HASP. Specifically, work zones will be clearly labeled and an Exclusion Zone of 10 feet will be maintained around the intrusive activity. During non-intrusive activities, work zones will be established in accordance with the RWP.

<u>Harold Sanchez, Ron Blea, and Rebecca Mitchell</u> have been designated to coordinate access control on the individual work sites during the implementation of the separate site characterization tasks. No unauthorized person shall be allowed beyond the Contamination Reduction Zone Control Line without approval.

An RCT/HSS will be assigned to perform radiological surveys and contamination monitoring in accordance with the RWP and RFETS procedures for the different site characterization tasks.

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16. Pe	rsonal	Prote	ctive	Equi	oment
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Location	Job Function/Task	In	itial	lev	el e	of I	Pro	<u>tection</u>
903 Pad/903 Lip Area	Subsurface soil sampling							
Exclusion Zone (Contamination Area or High Contamination Area)	Mod. Level D protection of the RWP has more stringer requirements	<u>nt</u> B	C C	D	1	2	3	OTHER OTHER OTHER
Contamination Reduction Zone (Radiological Buffer Area)	Level D protection unless the RWP has more stringe requirements	_ B <u>nt</u> B	C C	<u>D</u> D	1 1	2 2	3	OTHER OTHER OTHER
Location Americium Zone	Job Function/Task						<u>Рго</u>	<u>tection</u>
Exclusion Zone (Contamination Area or High Contamination Reduction Zone (Radiological Buffer Area) List the specific protective equipm identified above. Level B	Level D protection unless the RWP has more stringe requirements Level D protection unless the RWP has more stringe requirements Level D protection unless the RWP has more stringe requirements ent and material (where approximately stringe requirements)	nt B B B B B B C B B C B C B C C C C C C C	C C C C	DDDDDDDDDDch c	1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 4	OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER els of protection
Pressure demand airline with expressure demand SCBA	scape provisions	H	lalf f full fa full fa nner	ace ace ace late	air air car	pu punist glov	rify rify er a /es	ying respirator ring respirator air purifying respirator
Level Mod D X Standard work clothes/DOE co X Hard hat, steel-toed boots, safet X Ear protection during drill rig h X Inner nitrile gloves (2 pair) Outer Nitrile Butyl Rubber (NE	ty glasses ammering operation BR) gloves (follow RWP)	X Hard hat	l wor , stee	el-to n di	oed urir	bo ng d	ots Irill	DE coveralls , safety glasses ling hammering operation w RWP)

Note: Hard hat to be worn when within five feet of Geoprobe operation or 50 feet of hollow-stem auger operation, or if overhead hazards are present. Orange traffic vests required when moving drill rig.

Where air purifying respirators authorized, <u>GMC-H</u> are the appropriate canisters/ cartridges for use with the specific substances and concentrations anticipated. Cartridges will be replaced at the start of each work day.

NO CHANGES TO THE SPECIFIED LEVELS OF PROTECTION SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT THE KNOWLEDGE AND APPROVAL OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OFFICER AND THE PROJECT MANAGER.

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17. Decontamination

Personnel and equipment leaving the Exclusion Zone/Contamination Area or High Contamination Area will proceed through the decontamination procedures in the contamination reduction zone (Radiological Buffer Area) in accordance with Section 6.5.2.1, Radiological Areas - Step-off Pad Requirements and the task specific RWP:

Emei	rgency decontaminat	on procedures:		
18. (Confined Entry Proce	edures X	Not Applicable	:
Yes	N/A		Yes	N/A
Desc	Provide Forces Test Atmosphe (a) %02 (b) %LEL (c) Other riptions/Other:			Refer to Personal Protection Equip. (#16) Refer to Emergency Procedures. (#29) Other Special Procedures
19. Yes	Cutting/Welding	-valleren	x	_Not Applicable
	Wet down or o		ons (%LEL) in a	nir
]	Onsite Organization : Project Manager: <u>St</u>	eve Paris, Mark Wo		
	Field Team Leader - Field Team Leader -	_		
	Health & Safety Supe			
<u>Field</u>	l Team Members		Job Function/	Health and Safety Tasks
Steve	e Paris, Mark Wood	RMRS Project Ma	anager responsi	ble for implementation of HASP
Haro	ld Sanchez			Officer/Health and Safety Specialist
		responsible for in	plementation o	F HASP
Ron	Blea	Subcontractor He responsible for in		Officer/Health and Safety Specialist f HASP
Rebe HAS	ecca Mitchell	Subcontractor He	alth and Safety	Officer responsible for implementation of
Bate	s Estabrooks		Review, Task-	responsible for work conducted in accordance specific RWP, property release evaluations, and
<u>Chip</u>	Sawyer	Radiological Ope	rations foreman	, review surveys, reviews and signs RWPs,

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21. Special Instructions:

Unanticipated Hazards or Conditions

Any hazards that may be encountered which are of an unusual nature or which represent an unknown threat will be managed in accordance with this RMRS policy statement. "In the event unanticipated hazards or conditions are encountered, the project activities will pause to assess the potential hazard or condition. The potential hazard or condition will be evaluated to determine the severity or significance of the hazard or condition and whether the controls on the project are sufficient to address the hazard or condition. Based on this initial evaluation, a determination will be made whether to proceed with controls currently in place; segregate the hazard or condition from the project activity, if it can be done safely; or curtail operations to address the unexpected hazard or condition. Concurrence to proceed down the selected path must be obtained from the RMRS Vice President or their designee. In addition, the resumption of field activities involving radiological issues will be in accordance with Article 345 of the RFETS Radiological Control Manual".

22. Sanitation Requirements Portable potable water supply available on work site	te? X Yes
Portable toilets required on work site?	Yes If Yes, how many? _X No
Temporary washing/shower facilities required at work site?	Yes If Yes, describe below No If No, state location of existing facilities.
Description: Toilets and shower facilities are availa Avenue Decon Trailer for females.	able in the Field Operations Yard, T891Q for males and the
23. Field Procedures Change Authorization	- Juan
Instruction Number to be changed	Duration of Authorization Requested Date: Today only Duration of Task
Description of Procedures Modification:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Justification:	
Person requesting change:	Verbal authorization received from:
Name	Name Time
Title	Title
Signature	Approved by (Signature of person name above to obtained within 48 hours of verbal authorization)

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24. Emergency Procedures		This page is to be posted at a pro	ominent location onsite.
Yes No Onsite communication	ns required?	Emergency Channel Extension 29	111 or radio number 2911
Nearest telephone Building T891	R, T900D, and T	<u> 1900E</u>	
		nation can be readily controlled wit e public, or other site personnel, tak	
 Notify emergency personnel b If possible, isolate the fire to p Evacuate the area. 			
Chemical exposure: Site workers must notify the site h symptoms of overexposure to haza		officer immediately in the event of a sidentified below:	ny injury or any of the signs or
Substances Present Carbon Tetrachloride	Inhalation: Absorption Ingestion:	of Acute Exposure irritate eyes, skin, respiratory i: depression, nausea, vomiting kidney, drowsiness, dizziness ion: incoordination	First Aid Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: wash immediately Breathing: Resp. support Swallow: Immediate medical attention.
Tetrachloroethene .	Absorption Ingestion:	irritate eyes, nose, throat i: nausea, flush face, neck vertigo, dizzy, incoherent, headache ion: sleepy, skin redness, liver	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: wash immediately Breathing: Resp. support Swallow: Immediate medical attention
Solvents, general	Absorption Ingestion:	irritate eyes, skin, respiratory n: depression, nausea, vomiting kidney, drowsiness, dizziness ion: incoordination	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: wash immediately Breathing: Resp. support Swallow: Immediate medical attention
exposure to hazardous substances	s, immediately the event of life-	ninor first aid, or any employee repo ake the victim to the RFETS Medica threatening or traumatic injury, imple e at 2911.	al Facility located at Bldg. 122
Harold Sanchez	esignated Person	inel Current in first Aid/CPR (Names) Gary Stretesky John Boules	
Mark Wood Peggy Schreckengast Dave Farler		John Boylan Ron Blea Steve Paris	
Designated back-up personnel (Na	ames)	Function	

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This page is to be posted at a prominent location onsite.

Required Emergency Back-Up Equipment

Latex or nitrile surgeon gloves, one-way CPR mask.		
Emergency Response Authority: Harold Sanchez, Ron Blea, Rebecca Mitchell authority for first response to onsite emergency situat working on.		
Upon arrival of the appropriate emergency response put remain on the scene, if necessary, to provide any safety officer or the site emergency coordinator will of	and all possible assistance.	At the earliest opportunity, the site
Project Manager Steve Paris, Mark Wood	_ Phone (w) <u>3656, 6689</u>	_(h)
Health and Safety Supervisor Peggy Schreckengast	_ Phone (w) <u>6790</u> (d) <u>212</u> -	.6358 (h)
Site Safety Officer <u>Harold Sanchez</u>	Phone (w) 4953 (r) 3754	<u>4</u> (h)
Site Safety Officer Ron Blea	Phone (w)(r)	_
Site Safety Officer Rebecca Mitchell	Phone (w) 3374	-
Emergency Contact Tele	phone and Pager Number	rs
Fire x2911	Poison Center	629-1123
Ambulance x2911	Security	x2911
Nearest Emergency Medical Services Are Located	l At Building 122 as show	n on Figure 1.1.
Nearest telephone is located at: T-1 trailers		
Additional Project Telephone(x), pager (d) or radio (s	r) Numbers	
Vice President - ER - John Law	x8760/d212-6357	7 [
ER Projects Manager - Annette Primrose	x4385/d212-6338	8/r3801
Project Manager - Steve Paris	x3656/d212-6587	7r3727
Project Manager - Mark Wood	x6689/d212-6486	6/r3755
H&S Manager - Ken Jenkins	x5374/d212-5693	3/r4505
Radiological Engineer - Bates Estabrooks	x3769/d212-6469	9/ r3768
HAZMAT Emergency Response	x2911/r2911	
RFETS Shift Supervisor	x2914/r3301	
Occupational Health General Information	x2594	

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The following personnel were present at the pre-ic (date) at		
provisions:		,
Name	Signature	
		
Fully charged ABC class fire extinguisher available	le onsite?	Yes
Fully stocked First Aid Kit available onsite?		Yes
All project personnel advised of location of neares		Yes
All project personnel advised of location of design	iated medical facility:	Yes
	Printed name of field tea	ım leader or site safety officer
	Signature	Date

Appendix A

Fask-Specific HASP for the Site Characterization of the 903 Drum Storage Area (IHSS 112), 903 Lip Area (IHSS 155), and Americium Zone

Site Location and Description:

Location: 903 Pad, Lip Area, and Americium Zone

Description: HPGe surveys, FIDLER surveys, surface soil samples, and drill soil borings to collect soil and groundwater samples.

Suspect Contaminants:	nants:	PCE, CC14, Pu, Am					
MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	REMENTS		ACTION LEVELS	ELS			
	TBd	instrument	Range	Level D modified	Level D Level C Level B modified	Level B	Notes
Hydrocarbons		TVA-1000 w/ 10.4 eV +					
		Minirae w/11.7 eV lamp	0-2,000 ppm	>bkg	N/A	*	*Any sustained reading above background in BZ
_		PID	0-2,000 ppm	>bkg	N/A		
		FID	0-50,000ppm	>bkg	N/A	,	
Particulates	Smyms	MIE Miniram	0.1-100 mg/m3 1.5 mg /m3 1.5 mg /m3	1.5 mg /m3	1.5 mg /m3	*	*Dust Control (misting) will be used to minimize dust
							generation at or below 1.5 mg/m3.

Range 0-100% LEL, MSA Passport or equivalent. Analytical Method SpouteM HSOIN Monitoring for VOA's using personal sampling methods is required for sustained levels in BZ, upgrade for respiratory protection. Monitoring for Methane in suspected areas, stop work above 25% LEL explosion hazard, withdraw from area immediately. Contaminant Personal Protective Equipment

Personal Monitoring

Type of Work	Level D	Level D	Tyvek	Saranex	Nitriëe	Silvershield	Latex	Leather	Face	Rubber	Hubber	Full Face
	Doe Modesty	Modified	Coveraits	Coverails	Gloves	Gloves	Gloves	Work Gloves	Shield	Apron	Booties	Respirator
HPGe/FIDLER Surveys	*		*					*				
Surface Soil Sampling	*		*		*		*				*	
Drilling	*	(3), (1)	(3)	(1)	*			*	(1)			
Soil Sampling/ Logging Core	*	(3), (1)	(3)	(1)	*			*	(1)			
Sampling groundwater	*	(3), (1)	(3)	(1)	*				(1)		*	
Handling IDM/residual soil samples	*	(3), (1)	(3)	(1)	*			×	(1)	*		

or Supplied Air Level B

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(1) If high VOA's reading or free liquids are encountered personal will upgrade to Saranex and Face Shields. Sustained readings of VOC's in breathing zone will require backing off and allowing samples to vent, if there is no wind present the use of large industrial size fan will be used. If work practices warrant, or wet/muddy conditions exist, Tyvek is required.

(2) If workers must work where VOC readings are sustained in the breathing zone, work will stop and supplied air respiratory protection will be used and more protective PPE requirements.

(*) Required under normal operations or can be changed at the desecration of HSS. Drillers will wear both inner and outer (11 mil) ritrile gloves or per RWP.

(3) Unless RWP is more stringent.

mg/m3 = milligrams per cubic meter ppm = parts per million BZ = breathing zone PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit FID = Flame-ionization Detector PID = Photoionization Detector

(DM = Investigative derived materials (typically soils) VOA = Volatile Organic Analyte

PPE = Personal Protective Equipment

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency USCG = U.S. Coast Guard

Activity Hazard Analysis for the Task-Specific Health and Safety Plan for the Characterization of the 903 Drum Storage Area (IHSS 112), 903 Lip Area (IHSS 155), and Americium Zone

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION: Surface soil sampling, HPGe and FIDLER non-intrusive surveys, soil borings

and soil and groundwater	sampling using	a truck-mounted drill rig.

Activity	Potential Hazard	Protective Control Measures
HPGe measurements and FIDLER surveys. Surface soil sampling, asphalt coring, soil borings (including soil core and groundwater sampling).	Slips, trips, and falls	Pre-activity work area survey to identify potential hazards associated with operations. Secure area, use safety shoes and glasses. Hazard assessment per the task-specific HASP.
	Exposure to airborne radioactive or chemical contaminants	On-site monitoring requirements will be established prior to project implementation per Section 7.0*, the task-specific HASP, and jobspecific RWP.
	Dermal exposure with radioactive or chemical contaminants in soils and groundwater	Establish monitoring program prior to operations per ALARA Job Review. Define appropriate level of PPE per task-specific HASP and RWP.
	Mechanical/hydraulic hazards	Pre-work safety discussion and procedures identified in the task-specific HASP.
	Pinching hazards	Pre-work safety discussion and procedures identified in the task-specific HASP. Leather gloves per HSS.
	Noise exposure	Hearing protection will be required during drilling and Geoprobe hammer operations.
	Electrical hazards	Electrical hazards will be prevented per the Section 6.14*.
	Vehicular and pedestrian traffic.	Site control will be maintained per Section 6.0*.
	Underground/above-ground utilities	Utility clearances will be performed per the Soil Disturbance Permit.
	Manual material lifting	Personnel will follow safe lifting practices per Section 6.2.9*.
	Thunderstorms and lightning	Per Sections 6.12* and 8.4.6*.
	Falling objects	Hard hats, steel-toed boots, and safety glasses will be worn per Section 7.0* and per the task-specific HASP.
	Biological Hazards	Pre-work discussion to ensure awareness.
	Cold stress/heat stress	Pre-work discussion to ensure awareness. Follow guidance in Section 6.9* and Section 8.4*.
2) Equipment decontamination	Contact with potentially contaminated rinse water	Personnel PPE will be defined prior to decon operations (Section 7.0*).
	Similar exposure hazards as identified above	PPE and monitoring requirements consistent with intrusive and sampling operations.
	High pressure steaming, as appropriate	PPE as described in Section 7.0.*

*refers to the appropriate section in the Groundwater Monitoring Program HASP, RF/ER-SAF-94-GMP, Rev. 1

H&S CONCURRENCE:	M.D. Schreckengast	DATE:	8-31-98	
PROJECT MANAGER CO	NCURRENCE: Mark Wind	DATE:_	8/31/9	8

Appendix B Activity Hazard Analysis

